

Maths overview		Autumn 1		Autumn 2		Spring 1		Spring 2		Summer 1		Summer 2	
Rec	Main focus	Subitising within 3 Focus on counting skills Explore how all numbers are made of 1s Focus on composition of 3 and 4 Subitise objects and sounds Comparison of sets - 'just by looking' Use the language of comparison - more than and fewer than		Focus on counting skills Focus on the 'five-ness of 5' using one hand and the die pattern of 5 Comparison of sets - by matching Use the language of comparison: more than, fewer than, an equal number Explore the concept of 'whole' and 'part' Focus on the composition of 3,4 and 5 Practise object counting skills Match numerals to quantities within 10 Verbal counting beyond 20		Subitise within 5 focusing on die patterns Matching numerals to quantities within 5 Counting - focus on ordinality and the 'staircase' pattern See that each number is one more than the previous number Focus on 5 Focus on 6 and 7 as '5 and a bit' Compare sets and use language of comparison: more than, fewer than, an equal number to Make unequal sets equal		Focus on the 'staircase' pattern and ordering numbers Focus on ordering numbers to 8 Using the language of less than Focus on 7 Doubles - explore how some numbers can be made with 2 equal parts Sorting numbers according to attributes - odd and even numbers		Counting - larger sets and things that cannot be seen Subitising - to 6, including in structured arrangements Composition - '5 and a bit' Composition - of 10 Comparison - linked to ordinality Play track games		Subitise to 5 Automatic recall of bonds to 5 Composition of numbers to 10 Comparison Number patterns and counting	
	Concepts	Subitising, Counting, ordinality and cardinality, Composition.		Counting, ordinality and cardinality, Comparison, Composition,		Subitising, Counting, ordinality and cardinality, Composition		Counting, ordinality and cardinality, Comparison, Composition		Counting, ordinality and cardinality, Subitising, Composition, Comparison		Counting, ordinality and cardinality, Subitising, Composition, Comparison	
	Shape, space and measures	Developing spatial awareness: experiencing different viewpoints Developing spatial vocabulary Shape awareness: developing shape awareness through construction and shape vocabulary. Recognising attributes - long, short, tall, small, heavy, light, full, empty etc. Comparing amounts of continuous quantities Continuing an AB pattern Copying an AB pattern Making their own AB pattern Spotting an error in an AB pattern		Representing spatial relationships. Identifying similarities between shapes Showing awareness of comparison in estimating and predicting Comparing indirectly Identifying the unit of repeat Continuing an ABC pattern Continuing a pattern which ends mid-unit		Showing awareness of properties of shape Describing properties of shape Recognising the relationship between the size and number of units Make their own ABB, ABBC patterns Spotting an error in an ABB pattern		Showing awareness of properties of shape Describing properties of shape Beginning to use units to compare things Symbolising the unit structure Generalising structures to another context or mode		Developing an awareness of relationships between shapes Beginning to use time to sequence events Making a pattern which repeats around a circle		Developing an awareness of relationships between shapes Beginning to experience specific time durations Making a pattern around a border with a fixed number of spaces.	
Year 1	Objectives	Recap key Rec objectives until mastery Number: Place value within 10, addition and subtraction within 10, positions, place value within 20, addition and subtraction within 20				Shapes and patterns, length and height, numbers to 40, numbers to 100, multiplication, division.				Fractions, time, money, volume and capacity, mass, geometry			
	Fluency	Counting to and across 100.		Learn all number bonds to 10		Calculation facts from 11-18 (addition and subtraction facts taught together) Adding 1 and adding 2 to numbers 11-18 Doubles 6-9 Near doubles 5-9 (double then add 1). Near doubles 5-9 (double-then-add-2). Bridging through 10 to add to 9. Bridging through 10 to add to 8 Subtracting 1-digit numbers from numbers 5-18. Adding any two 1-digit numbers and subtracting using the inverse of this				Secure progression in addition and subtraction facts to 20.			
		Recap addition and subtraction facts from 1-6 Learn all addition and subtraction facts from 7-9		Adding numbers to 10						Counting in 5s			
		Counting in 2s				Counting in 10s							
Year 2	Objectives	Recap key yr 1 objectives until mastery Numbers to 100, addition and subtraction, multiplication and division				Length, mass, temperature, picture graphs, money				2d shape, 3d shape, fractions, time, volume			
	Fluency	Adding/ subtracting a two-digit number and ones Adding/ subtracting a two-digit number and tens		Adding two 2-digit numbers 5x		Adding two 2-digit numbers 5x, 10x		Subtracting two 2-digit numbers 2x, 5x, 10x		Subtracting two 2-digit numbers 3x		Adding 3 one-digit numbers 4x	

		2x					
		Consolidate fluency facts within 20 (throughout year)					
Year 3	Objectives	<i>Recap key yr 2 objectives until mastery</i> Numbers to 1000 Addition and subtraction Multiplication and division		Length Mass Volume	Money Time Picture graphs and bar graphs	Fractions	Angles Lines and shapes Perimeter of figures
	Fluency	Add and subtract a three-digit number and ones Add and subtract a three-digit number and tens 2x, 4x	Add and subtract a three-digit number and hundreds 4x, 8x	Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction 2x, 4x, 8x	Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction 3x, 6x	Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods 3x, 6x, 9x	Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods 11x 12x
Year 4	Objectives	<i>Recap key yr 3 objectives until mastery</i> Numbers to 10,000 Addition and subtraction within 10,000 Multiplication and division Graphs		Fractions	Time Decimals	Money Mass, volume and length	Area Geometry Position and movement Roman numerals
	Fluency	Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate (pupils continue to practise both mental methods and columnar addition and subtraction with increasingly large numbers to aid fluency) 2x, 4x, 8x	Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate (pupils continue to practise both mental methods and columnar addition and subtraction with increasingly large numbers to aid fluency) 3x, 6x, 12x	Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate (pupils continue to practise both mental methods and columnar addition and subtraction with increasingly large numbers to aid fluency) 7x, 9x	Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout (pupils practise mental methods and extend this to three-digit numbers to derive facts, (for example $600 \div 3 = 200$ can be derived from $2 \times 3 = 6$). Gaps (AFL)	Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout (pupils practise mental methods and extend this to three-digit numbers to derive facts, (for example $600 \div 3 = 200$ can be derived from $2 \times 3 = 6$). Revision of all	Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout (pupils practise mental methods and extend this to three-digit numbers to derive facts, (for example $600 \div 3 = 200$ can be derived from $2 \times 3 = 6$). Revision MTC
Year 5	Objectives	<i>Recap key yr 4 objectives until mastery</i> Numbers to 1,000,000 Whole numbers- addition and subtraction Multiplication and division Word problems Graphs		Fractions	Decimals Percentages	Geometry Position and movement Measurements	Area and perimeter Volume Roman numerals
	Fluency	Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers (they practise mental calculations with increasingly large numbers to aid fluency for example, $12\ 462 - 2300 = 10\ 162$). 4x, 8x	Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers (they practise mental calculations with increasingly large numbers to aid fluency for example, $12\ 462 - 2300 = 10\ 162$). 3x, 6x, 12x	Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers (they practise mental calculations with increasingly large numbers to aid fluency for example, $12\ 462 - 2300 = 10\ 162$). 7x, 9x, 11x	Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts 25x	Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts 15x	Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts Revision of all
Year 6	Objectives	<i>Recap key yr 5 objectives until mastery</i> Numbers to 10 million Four operations Fractions Decimals Percentages		Measurements Ratio Algebra	Area and perimeter Volume Geometry	SATs revision	Position and movement Graphs and averages Negative numbers

	Fluency	Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers 2x, 4x, 8x	Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers 3x, 6x, 9x, 12x	Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers 7x, 15x, 25x	Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers Finding 10%, 25% and 50% of numbers	Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers Basic FDPs equivalence	Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers Revision of all
		Addition and subtraction facts for multiples of 10 to 1000 and decimal numbers with one decimal place, e.g. $650 + \cdot = 930$, $\cdot - 1.4 = 2.5$			What must be added to a decimal with units, tenths and hundredths to make the next whole number, e.g. $7.26 + \cdot = 8$		