

## Population pyramids

1. A population pyramid is a graph which shows the age and gender structure of a population.
2. A developing country has a pyramid that has a very wide base. This means that there is a high proportion of young people which suggests there is a high birth rate
3. A developing country has a pyramid that will have a narrow top. This means that only a small proportion of people reach old age.
4. A developed country has a more even distribution of bars. Birth rates are not as high as in developing countries and people live to an older age.

## Possible effects of over population

1. The development of slums- particularly in developing countries.
2. Slums can occur when people migrate from rural areas into cities in search of jobs.
3. Because of overpopulation, forests are being destroyed to find accommodation. This increases global warming.
4. Global warming means our earth is heating up, causing the weather to become more unpredictable and extreme.
5. Although there is enough food produced in the world to feed everyone, it is distributed unequally. This will only get worse as the population increases.

## Vocabulary

|    |                         |                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1  | Population distribution | A pattern of where people live. World Population Distribution is uneven.                                                                                           |
| 2  | Migration               | The movement by people from one place to another, particularly different countries, with the intention of settling temporarily or permanently in the new location. |
| 3  | Developed Country       | A country with a lot of industrial activity and where people generally have high incomes.                                                                          |
| 4  | Developing Country      | A poor agricultural country that is seeking to become more advanced economically and socially.                                                                     |
| 5  | Slum                    | A squalid and overcrowded urban street or district inhabited by very poor people.                                                                                  |
| 6  | Life Expectancy         | The average period that a person may expect to live.                                                                                                               |
| 7  | Pensioners              | A person who collects a pension (a regular payment by the government), most commonly because of retirement from the workforce.                                     |
| 8  | Wealth                  | An abundance of valuable possessions or money.                                                                                                                     |
| 9  | Malnutrition            | Experiencing a lack of quantity and variety of food over a long period of time.                                                                                    |
| 10 | Famine                  | An extreme shortage of food for a large number of people.                                                                                                          |
| 11 | Urbanisation            | When populations of people grow, the population of a place may spill over from city to nearby areas. This is called urbanisation.                                  |

## Most populated countries in the world

1. China
2. India
3. United States of America
4. Indonesia
5. Brazil

## Population density

