

Timeline

1	55 -54 BC	Julius Caesar invades Britain. He claimed success but never conquered the land.
2	AD 43	Emperor Claudius invades Britain. He is successful.
3	AD 48	The Romans had conquered most of the island.
4	AD 60	The Romans attack the Druids in Wales. Despite resistance, the Romans defeat them in battle.
5	AD 59-AD61	Boudicca rebels against the Romans. The Romans eventually overpower her.
6	AD 122	Hadrian's wall is built in order to protect Southern England from tribes in the North.
7	AD 312	Emperor Constantine made Christianity legal after a dream.
8	AD 367	The Scots, the Picts and the Saxons joined forces to attack Britain.
9	AD 400	Romans leave Hadrian's wall for the last time as they are needed elsewhere in the empire.
10	AD 410	Roman army leave Britain in order to return to defend their homeland.

Vocabulary

1	Empire	A group of countries ruled by one ruler.
2	Citizen	A person who belongs to a country and has legal rights.
3	Government	A group of people who control and make decisions for a country.
4	Tax	Money people had to pay to a government.
5	Conquer	To take control of a place by fighting.
6	Trade	The action of buying and selling goods and services.
7	Artillery	Weapons used to hurl missiles such as catapults and giant cross bows.
8	Rebellion	Wear people join together to fight against the person in charge.
9	Forum	Market place or public meeting area in a town with public buildings around it.
10	Christianity	The religion based on the teachings of Jesus Christ.

The Roman army

1	Legate	A person in charge of about 5000-6000 people.
2	Standard bearer	Carries the eagle which men follow into battle.
3	Centurion	A person in charge of about 80 men.
4	Legionary soldiers	Roman foot soldiers.
5	Auxiliary soldiers	Soldiers that were not citizens of Rome.

Key people

1	Julius Caesar	An army general from Rome who invaded Britain in 55-54 BC. His most famous quote is "I came, I saw, I conquered..."
2	Cassivellaunus	A Celtic Chief who led native British tribes against Julius Caesar in his second invasion in 54 BC.
3	Emperor Claudius	Emperor of Rome who had a lot to prove to the Roman citizens. He prepared well for war. He successfully invaded Britain in AD 43.
4	King Caratacus	King and tribal leader of the ancient Britons. Ruler of the Catuvellaunui, a powerful British tribe. He fought fiercely for the independence of his people.
5	Queen Boudicca	A Celtic Queen who led a rebellion against the Roman occupation of Britain. Although her campaign was initially successful, her forces were defeated at the Battle of Watling Street in 61 AD.
6	Cornelius Tacitus	A Roman Public official who was a great historian. We know so much about Rome because of the Latin writing of Tacitus.
7	Emperor Hadrian	Roman Emperor from 117 AD to 138 AD. Built many significant monuments including Hadrian's wall.
8	Emperor Septimius Severus	Emperor from AD 193, Septimius tried to reconquer Scotland but failed so instead strengthened Hadrian's wall.
9	Emperor Constantine	In AD 312, Constantine had a dream where Jesus spoke to him in battle. He therefore made Christianity legal.